

B1  
end

the first substrate and the second substrate transmitting, of light incident from one substrate, light incident from a clear viewing direction in a larger amount than light incident from opposite of the clear viewing direction.

B2  
Sub  
51

5. (Amended) The liquid crystal device according to claim 1, the one substrate comprising a microlens so as to oppose each pixel, and  
an optical center position of the microlens being offset toward the clear viewing direction with respect to a center position of an opening area of another substrate.

B3

11. (Amended) The liquid crystal device according to claim 1, further comprising an asymmetric microlens, that transmits a larger amount of light incident on the one substrate from the clear viewing direction to the liquid crystal than an amount of light incident on the one substrate from opposite the clear viewing direction, formed in an area of the one substrate opposing each pixel.

Please add claims 28 and 29 as follows:

MOA  
C3  
B4

--28. A liquid crystal device comprising:  
a first substrate formed with a plurality of pixels;  
a second substrate opposing the first substrate; and  
liquid crystal sandwiched between the first substrate and the second substrate,  
wherein the first substrate and the second substrate are formed with a first opening area and a second opening area for each pixel, and  
wherein, of the first opening area and the second opening area, a center position of the opening area formed in one of the first substrate and the second substrate is offset toward the clear viewing direction with respect to a center position of the opening area formed in another substrate from which light is transmitted.--

--29. A liquid crystal device comprising:  
a first substrate formed with a plurality of pixels;  
a second substrate opposing the first substrate; and